# Momentum-Aware Planning Synthesis for Dynamic Legged Locomotion

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### Introduction and Objective

- Hierarchical gait-->centroidal-->whole-body pipelines reduce planning complexity, additional constraints on momentum and fullbody kinematics enable more dynamically feasible solutions.
- Design a centroidal optimization capable of discovering both contact sequences and angular momentum trajectories.
- Achieve a dynamic consensus between centroidal and wholebody models using constrained ADMM.

# **Centroidal and Whole-Body Optimization**

- Centroidal optimization utilizes a single rigid body model with equimomental-ellipsoid-based Moment of Inertia (MoI) [2, 3].
- Simultaneously solve for footholds, contact forces, centroidal and momentum trajectories.
- Ellipsoid Mol tracks joint motion effects on Composite Rigid Body Mol from whole-body model for accurate momentum generation.
- WBD tracks the consensus quantities from centroidal optimization, and then solved via Differential Dynamic Programming (DDP).



# **ADMM Constrained Trajectory Optimization**

The consensus [1] is enforced by adding equality consistency constraints for Center of Mass (CoM) positions, momentum, footholds. The Mol is directly computed from whole-body CRBMol.



### Results

Quadruped Robot jump-twist and trotting examples.



Dynamic consensus of the desired variables for a jump-twist maneuver between centroidal and whole-body models.



Dynamic consensus for a trotting gait motion between centroidal and whole-body models.





Snapshots of an athletic jump-twist maneuver (a) and quadruped trotting gait (b) solved by SNOPT [4] and Crocoddyl [5] for centroidal and wholebody updates respectively.

### **Discussion and On-going Work**

- Designed a centroidal optimization scheme for generating contact sequences and momentum.
- Dynamic **consensus between centroidal and full body** dynamic models.
- On-going work includes improving the angular momentum and inertia tracking. We are also exploring real-time constrained MPC implementations. This would require more improvements on the algorithm efficiency and scope for real applications.

# References

[1] Z. Zhou and Y. Zhao (2020), [2] A. W. Winkler, C. D. Bellicoso, M. Hutter, and J. Buchli (2018), [3] V. Zordan, D. Brown, A. Macchietto, and K. Yin (2014), [4] P. Gill, W. Murray, and M. Saunders (2005), [5] C. Mastalli, R. Budhiraja, W. Merkt, G. Saurel, B. Hammoud, M. Naveau, J. Carpentier, L. Righetti, S. Vijayakumar and N. Mansard (2020)